



# MathShed

Using MathShed for  
engaging and effective  
Year 6 SATs preparation



# Engaging and effective Year 6 SATs preparation



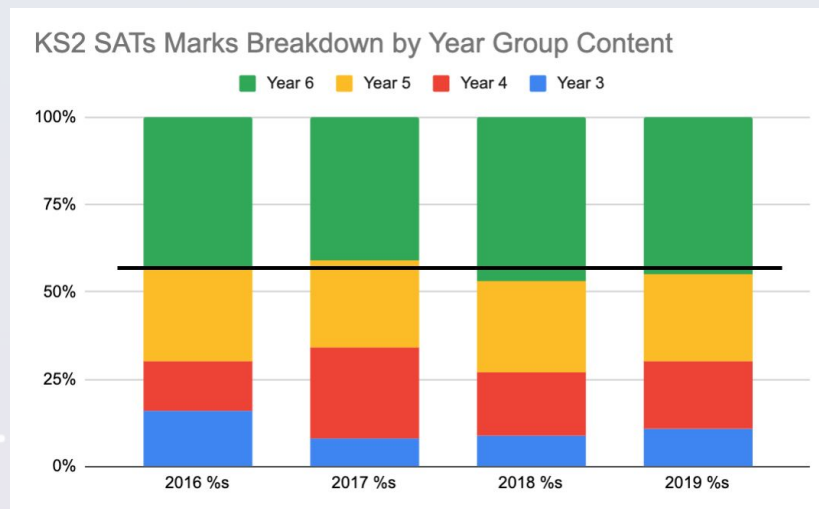
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## Importance of consolidating prior learning:

As the chart shows, in some years (2016 and 2017), children can meet the National Standard for age-related expectations (ARE) in their KS2 SATs without answering a single question from the Year 6 curriculum correctly.

In 2018 and 2019 where Year 6 content factors into meeting the National Standard, it is a matter of a few marks.

So, it is really important to plug any gaps from Years 3 to 5.



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## Importance of arithmetic fluency:

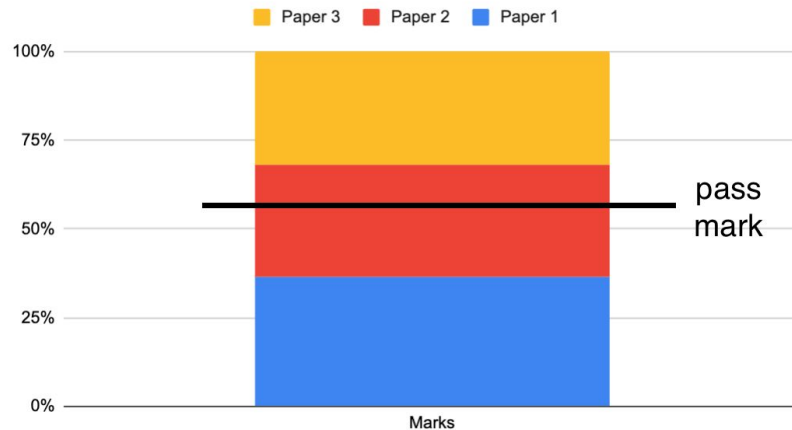
To meet the National Standard in Maths children need between **56 and 60 marks out of 110** in total across all three papers, which is **51-54%**.

Paper 1, Arithmetic by itself is **40 marks**.

Also, these skills with conceptual variation are covered heavily in the reasoning papers, Paper 2 and Paper 3.

As the bar chart shows, a good score of 90+% of marks from Paper 1 alone will get children over halfway towards meeting the National Standard.

KS2 SATs Marks Breakdown by Paper



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## Marks by block/unit of learning:

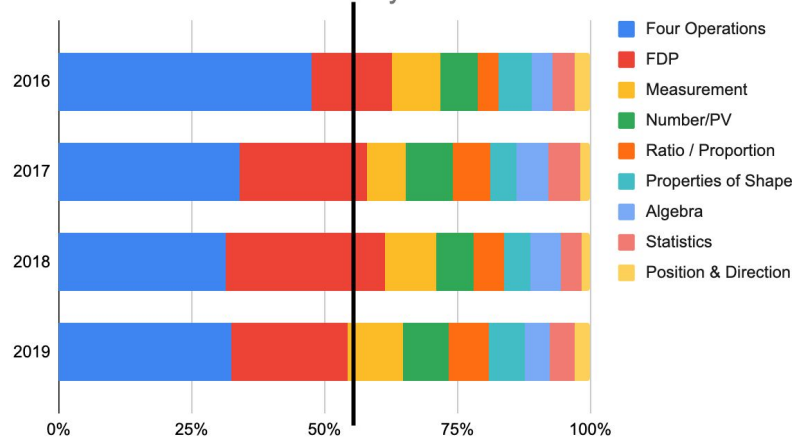
Four Operations tend to make up a mean of about 33% of all marks across three papers, together with Number and Place Value it is closer to 45% of marks.

Fractions, Decimals and Percentages on average make up a further ~20% of marks.

Followed by Measurement, Ratio & Proportion, Geometry which make up between 5% and 10% of marks each.

Then, Algebra, Statistics and Position & Direction with each of these areas of maths make up less than 5% of total marks.

KS2 SATs Marks Breakdown by Area



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## Examples of Lessons to prioritise based on scoring for SATs success:

1. Problem solving using addition and subtraction ([shed.ly/LYSDWZI](https://shed.ly/LYSDWZI))
2. Number & place value up to 10 million ([shed.ly/LNYNPHT](https://shed.ly/LNYNPHT) - FREE)
3. Problem solving involving Money - mixed domain involving decimals, +/- and place value ([shed.ly/LYKQHTZ](https://shed.ly/LYKQHTZ))
4. If you still have any children who are struggling with any of their times tables knowledge, that is a key fix.

Stage 6 - Autumn Block 1 - Place Value - Lesson 1 - To be able to represent numbers up to ten million

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- Level 1  
Introduction  
Level Completed  
View Summary  
Success Criteria  
Starter  
Play
- Level 2  
Activity 1  
Level Completed  
View Summary  
Activity 1 Explainer V.  
Activity 1  
Play
- Level 3  
Activity 2  
Level Completed  
View Summary  
Activity 2 Explainer V.  
Activity 2  
Play
- Level 4  
Activity 3  
Level Completed  
View Summary  
Activity 3  
Play
- Level 5  
Level Completed  
View Summary  
Activity 3  
Play

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## Using MathShed's Quick Maths to support the learning of key skills for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division:

Quick Maths, is our daily arithmetic fluency scheme, for all years from Year 1 to 6.

All of the Year 6 Quick Maths weeks in the Spring and Summer terms, in the run-up to the SATs, are based on past papers. ([Free sample](#))

Year 6   Quick Maths   Spring   Week 1   Day 2   <b>Answers</b>			MathShed		
1	$6,788 - 789 = \underline{5,999}$	/1	6	$30 \times 70 = \underline{2,100}$	/1
2	$\frac{48}{100} - \frac{24}{100} = \frac{24}{100}$ or $\frac{6}{25}$	/1	7	$1,100 \div 11 = \underline{100}$	/1
3	$\underline{8,899} - 500 = 8,399$	/1	8	$0.09 \div 10 = \underline{0.009}$	/1
4	$36 \div (3 \times 4) = \underline{3}$	/1	9	$3,887 \times 1,000 = \underline{3,887,000}$	/1
5	$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{2}{3}$ or eq.	/1	10	$817 \div 19 = \underline{43}$	/1

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19	$2,345 \times 1,000 =$	<input type="text"/>	1 mark
20	$17 \overline{)714}$	<input type="text"/>	2 marks
Show your method			

2017 Key Stage 2 Mathematics Paper 1: Arithmetic, Questions 19 & 20

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## MathShed's Quick Maths provides spaced repetition for rapid recall:

From our experience, it is best to do this when children are settling into the school day in the morning or after break or lunchtime. Try to have the questions up on the board and give each child scrap paper or jotters to do their arithmetic practice.

If you do so, children will benefit from covering similar questions each week.

Year 6   Quick Maths   Spring   Week 1   Day 3			MathShed		
1	$7 - 4.37 = \underline{\quad}$	/1	6	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} =$	/1
2	$2,788 \times 37 = \underline{\quad}$	/1	7	$\frac{21}{7} \div 7 =$	/1
3	$\frac{12}{12} + \frac{3}{7} =$	/1	8	$\frac{3}{7} \div 4 =$	/1
4	$417 \times 17 = \underline{\quad}$	/1	9	65% of 880 =	/1
5	$87.7 - 35.653 = \underline{\quad}$	/1	10	$4\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{12} =$	/1

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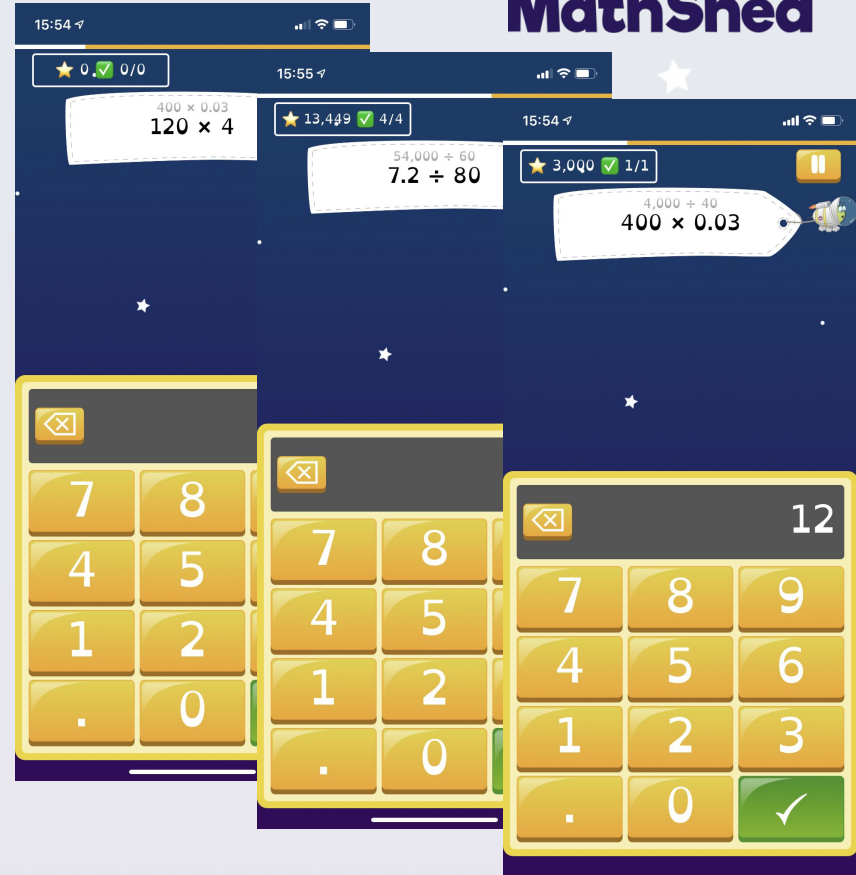
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## MathShed's arithmetic fluency games:

If you identify weakness with times tables, number bond recall or mental addition and subtraction, you could use our abstract fluency games.

If you find that there are particular questions children struggle with you could then set them the corresponding Lesson or question set on MathShed.

If there are many gaps, refer back to prioritised list of objectives to cover based on historical allocation of marks in SATs papers.



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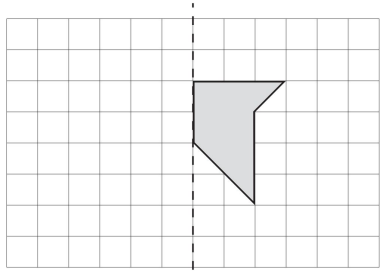
## How can you use MathShed to support problem solving and reasoning for [Papers 2 and 3](#)?

As with Paper 1, we also have practice Paper 2 and Paper 3 question sets modelled on each of the sample and past papers that can be either produced as PDFs and completed on paper or completed online, that way it is self-marking and the data feeds into our curriculum competency reporting dashboard. ([Paper 2, 2018-inspired](#))

**1** Here is a shape on a grid.

Complete the design so that it is symmetrical about the mirror line.

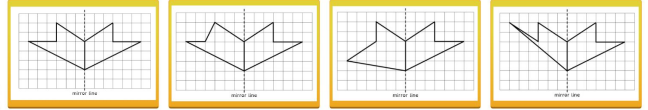
Use a ruler.



1 mark

The shape on the right side of the grid has been reflected in the mirror line.

Which of the following is the correct design so that the shape is symmetrical in the mirror line?



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## How can you use MathShed to support problem solving and reasoning for **Papers 2 and 3**?

If you find that there are particular questions children struggle with you could then set them the corresponding Lesson or question set.

Like Paper 1, if there are many gaps, refer back to prioritised list of objectives to cover based on historical allocation of points in SATs papers.

For reference:

1. Problem solving using addition and subtraction ([shed.ly/LYSDWZI](https://www.mathshed.com/shed.ly/LYSDWZI))
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1. Competence grid demo
2. Any questions?